

M. Gains
COURT MILLINER,
NEW BRANCH PREMISES,
No. 12, ROBINSON RD.,
KOWLOON,
On December 1st next.
Millinery, Hats & Bignons.

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

No. 13,926.

星期六十一月七年九百一十

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1907.

第二千九百三十三号

PRICE \$3.00 Per Week

M. Gains
COURT MILLINER,
HOTEL MANSIONS.
FROM December 1st next,
an entirely New Stock
of Millinery, Hats, Tricots
and Novelties. Inspection
invited.

Intimations.
THORNE'S
OLD VAT



SCOTCH WHISKY.

SOLE AGENTS IN
HONG KONG, CHINA & MANILLA.
A. S. WATSON & CO. LTD.

Hongkong, May 1, 1907. 793

ST. ANDREW'S BALL.

SCOTSMEN desirous of becoming sub-
scribers are requested to send in their
names to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. R. G.
MURDO, King's Buildings, from whom
full particulars may be obtained.
Hongkong, November 25, 1907. 1863

A SALE OF WORK

In aid of the Organ Fund of UNION
CHURCH will be held at the VOLUN-
TEER HALL, HONGKONG, and PARADE GROUND
(Kindly lent by Major Chapman and
Officers)

on
TUESDAY, 3rd DECEMBER, 1907.

Lady LORRAN has kindly consented to
open the Sale at 2.30 p.m. A large variety
of work there will be several side attrac-
tions. A CONCERT will also be given at
9 p.m. Admission \$1.00.
Hongkong, November 25, 1907. 1889

NOTICE.
COLONIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

It is hereby notified that information has
been received from the MILITARY
AUTHORITIES that Military Field
Practices will be carried out between 8 a.m.
and 1 p.m. on the 26th, 28th and 29th
instant, and 4th December, on the Southern
Slope of Beacon Hill in a North Westerly
direction.

F. H. MAY,
Colonial Secretary.

Hongkong, November 25, 1907. 1873

NOTICE.
MAGISTRACY.

It is hereby notified that a MEETING
of HIS MAJESTY'S JUSTICES of
the PEACE will be held at the MAGISTRACY,
at 2.15 p.m., on FRIDAY, the 29th Novem-
ber, 1907, for the purpose of considering
the following application under the Liquor
Licenses Ordinance, 1898 (Ordinance No. 8
of 1898), viz.:
From Mrs P. WISSING for a publican's
license to sell by retail intoxicating
liquors on premises numbered 266
and 268, Queen's Road Central,
under the sign of 'THE GERMAN
Taverns.'

F. A. HAZELAND,
Police Magistrate.

Hongkong, November 22, 1907. 1857

WANTED.

DAILY LESSONS IN BOXING and
WRESTLING.

Apply to
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.

Hongkong, November 23, 1907. 1864

WANTED.

DAILY LESSONS IN JUIJITSU.

Apply to
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.

Hongkong, November 23, 1907. 1865

WANTED.

ENERGETIC EUROPEAN CANVAS-
SER. Good prospects for a pushing
man. Apply, by letter, to
'F. H. W.'

Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.

Hongkong, November 14, 1907. 1815

WEST RIVER TRIPS FROM
HONGKONG.

Round Trip 6 Days.

Comfortable Steamers—Delightful Climate.

(THE most interesting and picturesque
scenery in South China.)

For further information, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Agents, West River British S.S. Co.,
Hongkong, October 25, 1907. 1708

INTERNATIONAL SLEEPING
CAR & EXPRESS TRAINS
COMPANY.

(THE GREAT TRANS-SIBERIAN
ROUTE TO EUROPE.)

HAVING been appointed AGENTS for
the above Company, we shall be
pleased to give any information as to rates
of passage, etc., in connection with above.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
Agents.

Hongkong, August 7, 1907. 1286

Business Notices.
W. S. BAILEY & CO.
ENGINEERS & SHIPBUILDERS,
FOUNDERS & BOILERMAKERS.

RIVER STEAMERS, TUGS, MOTOR BOATS
HIGH-SPEED AND SHALLOW-DRAFT VESSELS A SPECIALTY.
ESTIMATES FOR ALL IRON AND STEEL WORK.
TELEPHONES: 187 and K. 21. CABLES: SEYDOURNE, Hongkong.

**HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO
AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.**

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND
MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA
NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

Hongkong-Canton Line.
S.S. RONAM, 2,383 tons, Captain H. D. Jones.
S.S. POWAN, 2,383 tons, Captain H. D. Jones.
S.S. KINSHAN, 2,383 tons, Captain C. Lloyd.
S.S. KINSHAN, 2,383 tons, Captain C. Lloyd.
S.S. KINSHAN, 2,383 tons, Captain C. Lloyd.
Departures from Hongkong to Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sunday Excepted), 10 p.m.
(Saturday Excepted).
Departures from Canton to Hongkong daily at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sunday excepted).
The S.S. POWAN will leave Hongkong every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,
at 9 p.m. from Queen Street Wharf West, returning from Canton every Tuesday,
Thursday and Saturday, at 5.30 p.m.
These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the
River. Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT
COMPANY, LIMITED

Hongkong-Macao Line.
S.S. SUI-TAI, 1,651 tons, Captain W. A. Valentine.
S.S. SUI-TAI, 1,651 tons, Captain C. F. Morrison.
Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 8 a.m. from Douglas Wharf and
at 2 p.m. from the Company's Wharf. On Sundays Special Cheap Excursions,
leaving Hongkong at 9 a.m. from Douglas Wharf and from Macao at 5 p.m.
The Company also runs a Steamer from Macao on Sunday Morning at 7.30 a.m. and
from Hongkong at 1 p.m. from the Company's Wharf.
Departures from Macao to Hongkong on week days at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m.

Canton-Macao Line.
S.S. LUNGSHAN, 219 tons, Captain R. Ramsay.
Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 p.m.
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 p.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE H.K., C. AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVI-
GATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDIA-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

Canton-Wuchow Line.
S.S. SALNAM, 588 tons, Captain S. Bell Smith.
S.S. NANNING, 669 tons, Captain A. McKinnon.
One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday
and Friday at about 8 a.m. and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days
at 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about five days. These vessels have Superior Cabin
accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity.
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—
HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
HOTEL MANSIONS, (First Floor), opposite the Hongkong Hotel,
Or of BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

UNRIVALED FOR COMFORT AND COUSINE.
THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY
MODERATE TERMS AND NO EXTRAS.
A. F. DAVIES, Manager.

REMINGTON
TYPEWRITERS
WITH ALL REQUISITES

SIEMSEN & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

Hongkong, March 2, 1906

SOCIETY ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

THE Committee of the 'AL-FRESCO
FETE' held on the 10th inst., in aid of
the Compend of the Roman Catholic Church
to render their heartfelt THANKS to
H.E. The Governor and Lady LORRAN and
to the Ladies and Gentlemen who so kindly
contributed with their valuable assistance
towards the success of the Bazaar.

Their BEST THANKS are also due to the
Press, to Captain and Officers of the
H.M.S. Bedford for their excellent band,
and the public in general for their very
liberal and highly appreciated patronage.
The Bazaar realized after paying all the
expenses about \$2400.

Hongkong, November 15, 1907. 1824

TO-NIGHT

THE
VICTORIA CINEMATOPH, DES VUEX ROAD
(POTTINGER STREET CORNER).

NEW PICTURES.

TWO PERFORMANCES.
7 p.m. to 8.45 p.m.
9 p.m. to 11 p.m.

ADMISSION:—Box Seat \$1.00, First-
Class 70 cents and Second-Class 40 cents.

New Apparatus and Films for sale, at
cheap rates.

Hongkong, October 31, 1907. 1748

CHEE WING & CO.

27, 28 and 29, LEE YUEN STREET (WEST)
HONGKONG.

DEALERS IN
ALL SORTS OF COPPER, BRASS, STEEL,
IRON, WARE, &c.

STEEL GIRDERS AND TEES,
CORRUGATED IRON, FIG IRON, &c.

Suitable for
SHIP, ENGINEERS AND HOUSE BUILDERS.

1293

Business Notices.
THE PERFECT LUBRICANT.
Fleming's Patent Solidified Oil.

SAVES TIME AND MONEY.
Used throughout the World on nearly all the Steamers of the First-class Lines, to
the entire satisfaction of Engineers and Owners.
THE MOST ECONOMICAL LUBRICANT KNOWN.
ABSOLUTELY PURE AND PERFECT IN EFFICIENCY.
GUARANTEED FREE FROM ACID AND WATER.
DOES NOT MELT (OR RUN) UNDER 212° FAHR.

A. B. FLEMING & CO., Ltd., Patentees & Manufacturers,
CAROLINE PARK, EDINBURGH.

Sole Local Agents...

BRADLEY & CO., 4, Queen's Building, HONG KONG.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

NEW SEASONS GOODS JUST ARRIVED

WOLSEY UNDERWEAR
ALL WOOL. UNSINKABLE.

FLANNEL PYJAMAS
\$6.50 to \$13.50 Per Suit.

Dr. JAEGER'S DRESSING GOWNS.

FANCY KNITTED WAISTCOATS.

LATEST NOVELTIES IN NECKWEAR.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, August 31, 1907. 2040

WILKS & JACK, LD.

ELECTRICAL, MECHANICAL AND GAS ENGINEER
SOLE AGENTS IN CHINA FOR

The Welsbach Incandescent Gas Light Co.

MANUFACTURERS & OWNERS
in the
UNITED KINGDOM
of the
WELSBACH, INCANDESCENT
GAS LIGHT SYSTEM.

A large stock of the latest
and most improved Fittings
and Burners on hand.

AUR' MANTLES, CHEAPEST
AND MOST RELIABLE.

SHOW ROOMS & OFFICES:
14, Des Voeux Road Central,
HONGKONG.

14, Robinson Road, Kowloon.

TELEPHONE 358 & 38 L.

Hongkong, September 3, 1907. 431

FOR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHS.

CAMERAS, FILMS, PLATES, PAPERS AND CHEMICALS.

All Photographic Materials

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

CAMERAS ON HIRE.

MBE CHEUNG,

102 HOUSE ROAD AND CORRIDOR, HONGKONG HOTEL.

Hongkong, April 2, 1907. 176

ORIENTAL HOTEL

No. 2, Queen's Road Central.

Mrs M. MATTHEW, Proprietress.

The Band of the 119th Mooltan Regiment will play Selec-
tions during Dinner on THURSDAY, the 28th inst.

For particulars, apply to
HONGKONG, September 24, 1907. 1640

THE CARLTON HOUSE HOTELS,

Nos. 8 & 10, Ice House Street.

REDUCED SUMMER RATES.

For Daily and Permanent Boarders.

AIRY ROOMS, CUISINE A SPECIALTY.

COMFORTS OF RESIDENTS STUDIED.

FOR RATES, APPLY TO
THE MANAGER.

CRUICKSHANK'S COUGH REMEDY.

A Valuable Remedy for Influenza, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma,
and all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs—Price \$1.00 per bottle.

ANISEED AND LICORICE COUGH BALSAM.

For the relief of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, and Soreness of the
Chest—50 cts. and \$1.00.

MARTIN'S MIXTURE.

A specific for Influenza, Hay Fever, Cold in the Head—
Price \$1.00.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

Business Notices.
GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.
PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net, \$5.00 per Cask, ex Factory.

In Bags of 350 lbs. net, \$3.00 per Bag, ex Factory.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.,

GENERAL MANAGERS.

FAIRALL & CO.

TELEPHONE: No. 622.

ARE SHOWING NEW BALL NOVELTIES

in

TRIMMINGS, LACES, etc.

FEATHER BOAS.

GOLD AND SILVER SHOES,

SILK STOCKINGS.

ORNAMENTS FOR HAIR, etc.

THE SINCERE CO.

111, CONNAUGHT RD.—215, 217, 219 & 221, DES VUEX RD., HONGKONG.

UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

TAILORS, HATTERS & MEROERS.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN BOOTS AND SHOES,

Drapery, Silks, Watches, Clocks, Crockery, Ironmongery,
Grocery, Furniture, Rattan Ware, Tobaccos, Cigars,
Cigarettes, Sewing Machines.

Our Prices are marked in plain figures.

Hongkong, September 25, 1907. 1569

TIFFIN

SPECIALLY SERVED FOR BUSINESS MEN

AT THE

CONNAUGHT HOTEL,

MONTHLY RATES.

Hongkong, September 2, 1907. 1419

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.

SAVORY'S CIGARETTES.

STATE EXPRESS CIGARETTES 555.

ARDATH TOBACCO

Mild, Med. and Full.

GRAVEN MIXTURE.

GARRICK MIXTURE.

CALABASH PIPES.

SANDOW'S OWN COMBINED

DEVELOPERS.

SANDOW'S 'GRIP' DUMB BELLS.

CHRISTMAS CARDS

FOR

PRIVATE GREETINGS.

RICE PAPER CARDS

WITH

PIDGIN ENGLISH VERSES.

IN THE FIRST WATCH, by J. DALZIEL

The Sleeping Lady, by Maurice Hewlett

Arcturion, by F. Marion Crawford

The Call of the Deep, by F. T. Bullen

The Fool's Tale, by Lucas Clerke

St. Jude's, by Ian MacLaren

The New Religion, by Maarten Maartens

The Measure of the Rule, by Robert Barr

Four Men with a View, by E. Anderson

The Burning Torch, by F. P. Mon-
tessoro

The World Peril of 1910, by Geo. Griffith

Fair Margaret, by H. Rider Haggard

35 Cents each, or 3 for \$1.00.

Drink, by Hall Caine.

The Murder in the Rue Morgue, by E. A. Poe.

The Triumph of Mrs St. George, by E. White.

The World's Desire, by H. Rider Haggard

Swallow, by J. A. Stewart

When Love Is, by W. J. Locks

The House of White Shadows, by B. L. Farjeon.

I know A Maiden, by E. M. Albanesi.

St. Ives, by R. L. Stevenson.

BREWER & Co., Limited.

PEDDER STREET—ADJOINING MAIN ENTRANCE HONGKONG HOTEL.

TELEPHONE No. 696.

COLONIAL EDITIONS OF LATEST NOVELS

Each \$1.50:

Tales of Two People, by Anthony Hope.

Na. of Garland, by Pett Ridge.

Conspirators, by Oppenheim.

The Little Anarchist, by Marchant.

Yield of The Islands, by Grimshaw.

Intimations.

G. FALCONER & Co.,
WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELLERS.
HOTEL MANSIONS.

NEW SELECTIONS OF
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE,
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.
LARGE SELECTION OF PRESENTATION PLATE, CUPS, BOWLS, ETC.
G. FALCONER & Co. are Agents for ROSS'S FAMOUS TELESCOPES AND
SINGULAR, LORD KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
ADMIRALTY CHARTS AND BOOKS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER.

REGULAR HONGKONG-CANTON LINE OF STEAMERS
OF THE
COMPAGNIE FRANÇAISE DES INDES ET DE L'EXTREME ORIENT

S.S. PAUL BEAU, 1900 tons, 14 knots.

S.S. CHARLES HARDOUN, 1900 tons, 14 knots.

Departure from Hongkong at 2.30 p.m. (Saturdays excepted).

Departure from Canton at 6.15 p.m. (Sundays excepted).

The Company's Wharf is at the end of WING LOK STREET (Tram Station).

CANTON AGENTS: Messrs E. PASQUEL & Co.

For further particulars, please apply to

HONGKONG, September 15, 1907.

BARRETTO & Co., Agents.

JAPANESE BEER

YERISU SAPPORO ASAHI

IDEAL AND WHOLESOME.

EACH BRAND has obtained the highest AWARD at International Exhibition.

The largest demand in the whole of Japan. Quality speaks for itself.

PRICE EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE.

Sold by CALDEBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., H. PRICE & CO., LD.,

CHAZALON & CO., and all leading Chinese Wine Merchants.

THE MITSUI, BUSSAN KAISHA, Sole Agents.

Hongkong, August 21, 1907.

M. MUMEYA,

JAPANESE ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER.

ENLARGEMENTS ON BROMIDE PAPER

AND FINISHED IN ORAYON.

ALL KINDS OF WORK DONE FOR AMATEURS.

VERY FINE PANORAMIC VIEWS OF HONGKONG.

8A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

TYPEWRITERS! TYPEWRITERS!!

Typewriters repaired, cleaned,
overhauled, and broken parts
duplicated under expert
supervision.

Old Machines Renovated. Terms Very Moderate.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

BICYCLES

FOR SALE, REPAIR, EXCHANGE AND HIRE.

THE DRAGON CYCLE CO.,

11, D'Aguiar Street.

Hongkong, February 15, 1907.

THERE IS NO DOUBT
THAT

where ENO'S 'Fruit Salt' has been taken in the earliest stages

of a disease it has in innumerable instances prevented a serious

illness. The effect of

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

is

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY

CAUTION—Examine the capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'.

Obtain it only from the original form of factory—IMITATION.

Prepared only by J. D. ENO, L.D., FRUIT SALT WORKS, LONDON, E.C.

Eng. by J. D. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

USE ONLY & USE ALWAYS**ATKINSON'S**

MOST REFRESHING.

A LUXURIOUS PERFUME Far Superior

IN HEALTH. to the German Kinds.

A NECESSARY RESTORATIVE IN SICKNESS. **EAU DE COLOGNE****BRETEL FRÈRES' BUTTER—THE BEST IN THE WORLD**
To be had in all respectable wholesale and retail provision Import Houses.

Intimations.

MITSU BISHI COSHI KWAISHA
(MITSU BISH CO.)
COAL DEPARTMENT
MARUNO-UCHI, TOKIO.

CABLE ADDRESS: 'IWASAKI'

Which applies to all Branch Offices.

AL, A B C 5th Edition, Western Union

Codes used.

All Letters Addressed:—

MANAGER, MITSU BISH CO.,

with name of place under.

BRANCH OFFICES:—

NAGASAKI, MOI, KOBE, KANSAI,

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG AND HANKOW.

AGENCIES:—

YOKOHAMA: M. ARADA, Esq.

CHINKIANG: Messrs CHABING & Co

MANILA: Messrs MACDONALD & Co.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of Takasima,

Ochi, Shinjima, Namazuta and Kaimi-

Yamada Collieries and also Hojo Colliery,

which will shortly be ready to produce on a

large scale the best Steam Coal.

The Head and Branch Offices and the

Agencies of the Company will receive any

order for Coals produced from the above

Collieries.

T. MATSUKI, Manager, Hongkong,

No. 2, PEDDER STREET.

Hongkong, April 25, 1906.

WHAT IS WHISKY?

If you knew what a sensation

the above question has

raised in London, and the whole

of the United Kingdom, you

would be only too pleased to buy

MACLEAY DUFF'S Imperial

and Special Liqueur WHIS-

KIES.

THE BEST IN QUALITY AND

CHEAPEST IN PRICE.

PATELL & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,

CANTON, CHINA.

CARMICHAEL AND

CLARKE.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND

SHIPBUILDERS.

SURVEYORS AND CONTRACTORS.

REPAIRS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

TELEGRAMS: 'CARMICHAEL', HONGKONG.

A. B. C. Code, 4th Edition.

A. C. Code.

Lieber's Standard Code.

TELEPHONE 232.

HOW TO DO MORE BUSINESS.

MANY AMERICANS have built up

great commercial enterprises, by the

use of Trade-News items supplied by our

CLIPPING BUREAU. Chinese mer-

chants can do the same if they follow

American methods.

We clip business news from more than

50,000 papers, magazines, and send these

items to you while there is good prospect

of supplying what is needed and doing

business.

We can send you news and clippings on

any line of business, or any subject, and

you will be able to know, IN TRUTH, just

what American business methods are like,

and where there are openings for Chinese

merchandise.

Suppose, for instance, you are a maker

of Pottery: our Clipping Bureau might

find in some paper an item saying that a

big wholesale Pottery concern was being

organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

with that firm.

We can do just the same in any line of

business, for there is always something

being organized in a certain town—yes, of

course, would send you that business-news

item, and give you a chance to do business

Banks

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDELS-MAATSCHAPPIJ.
(Netherlands Trading Society).
ESTABLISHED 1824.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... FL 45,000,000 (£3,750,000).
RESERVE FUND FL 5,378,375 (£448,000).

HEAD OFFICE—AMSTERDAM.
HEAD AGENCY—BATAVIA.

BRANCHES—Singapore, Penang, Shanghai, Rangoon, Calcutta, Bombay, Ceylon, Hongkong, Amoy, Swatow, Canton, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Harbin, Khabarovsk, Vladivostok, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Manila, Cebu, Zamboanga, Iloilo, Batavia, Surabaya, Medan, Palembang, Singapore, Penang, Malacca, Klang, Seremban, Ipoh, Kuala Lumpur, Johore Bahru, Singapore, Penang, Malacca, Klang, Seremban, Ipoh, Kuala Lumpur, Johore Bahru.

The Bank buys and sells and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents in the East, on the Continent in Great Britain, America, and Australia, and transacts banking business of every description.

INTEREST ALLOWED
On Current Accounts 2% per Annum on daily balances.
Fixed Deposits 12 months 4% per Annum.
Do. 6 months 3% per Annum.
Do. 3 months 2% per Annum.

J. L. VAN HOUTEN, Agent.
Hongkong, November 18, 1907. 418

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL—\$2,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—\$242,718.
RESERVE FUND—\$12,738.
RESERVE FUND—\$300,000.

LONDON BRANCH.
61, Old Broad Street, E.C.4.
MANAGER—GEORGE MONRO.

LONDON BANKERS—
The Bank of England.
The Bank of Scotland.
The Bank of Ireland.
The Bank of Montreal.
The Bank of North America.
The Bank of New York.
The Bank of the South Sea Islands.
The Bank of the United States.
The Bank of the West Indies.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.
HEAD OFFICE—NEW YORK.
BRANCHES—LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, CANTON, PEKING, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, MANILA, CEBU, ZAMBOANGA, ILOILO, BATAVIA, SURABAYA, MEDAN, PALEMBANG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, MALACCA, KLANG, SEREMBAN, IPOH, KUALA LUMPUR, JOHORE BAHRU.

THE CORPORATION transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, receives money in Current Account at the rate of 2% per annum on daily balances and accepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 12 months 4% per cent per annum.
For 6 months 3% per cent per annum.
For 3 months 2% per cent per annum.

RUSSO-CHINESE BANK.
ORGANISED UNDER IMPERIAL DECREE OF 10th DECEMBER, 1886.

CAPITAL—15,000,000 Roubles.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—2,000,000 Roubles.
RESERVE FUND—5,000,000 Roubles.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Amoy, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Khabarovsk, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manchu, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER).

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL—Yen 5,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—Yen 2,750,000.
RESERVE FUND—Yen 835,000.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Amoy, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Khabarovsk, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manchu, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.

GEO. P. LAMMERT, AUCTIONEER.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Underigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction,
WEDNESDAY, the 27th November, commencing at 2.30 p.m.,
and
THURSDAY, the 28th November, commencing at 5 p.m., at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,—

A CHOICE AND VALUABLE CONSIGNMENT OF
OLD PALACE AND TEMPLE HANGINGS, Very Fine Court Ladies' Silk Embroidered Kimonos, Mantel Draperies, Kakemonos, Cushion Covers and Table Centres.
ANCIENT CARVED WOOD Buddhas, Ramas and Figures, Old Lacquered Ware.
OLD JAPANESE PORCELAIN, such as Sato, Imari and Kutani Ware.
SATSUMA Vases, Lucerne Burners and Plates.
BRONZE Vases and Figures.
IVORY Carved Figures and Groups.
OLD NETSUKES, INROS, TSUBAS and PRINTS.
SILK EMBROIDERED and Cut-Velvet Screens.
VERY FINE SILK EMBROIDERED PICTURES, OLD BROCADE PRIEST ROBES and HANGINGS.

On View from Sunday, the 24th November, 1907.
Auctioneers will be present.
Terms—Cash on delivery. **GEO. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.**

THE Underigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction,
THURSDAY, the 28th November, 1907, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at 'MELVILLE' 163, WANCHAI ROAD,—

A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
(Particulars from Catalogue).

TERMS—As Customary.
On View from Wednesday, the 27th November, 1907.
GEO. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.
Hongkong, October 1, 1907. 1530

Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—\$10,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—\$10,000,000.
RESERVE LIABILITIES—\$10,000,000.

COVER OF DIRECTORS:
A. Fuchs, Esq., A. J. Raymond, Esq.,
E. Goetz, Esq., E. Shalim, Esq.,
A. Haupt, Esq., H. A. W. Slade, Esq.,
O. R. Lenzmann, Esq., H. E. Tomkins, Esq.,
CHIEF MANAGER:
HONGKONG—J. R. M. SMITH.
MANAGER:
SHANGHAI—H. E. R. HUNTER.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING CO., LTD.
HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Accounts at the rate of 2% per cent on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposits:
For 12 months 4% per cent per annum.
For 6 months 3% per cent per annum.
For 3 months 2% per cent per annum.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.
THE business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3% PER CENT. per annum. Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK, to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT. per annum.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL—£1,500,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—£1,125,000.
RESERVE FUND—£170,000.

LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.
INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts at the rate of 2% per annum on the Daily Balance.
On Fixed Deposits:
For 12 months 4% per cent per annum.
For 6 months 3% per cent per annum.
For 3 months 2% per cent per annum.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER).
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL—Yen 5,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—Yen 2,750,000.
RESERVE FUND—Yen 835,000.

Viceroy's Advisory Council. It has been resolved in connection with the advisory councils of local governments, besides zemindars, to admit business men, money lenders, professional men interested in higher education (such as lawyers, doctors, engineers, and scientists), and representatives of different industries as well as leaders of various castes. We have every confidence that such a body will be truly useful to the local governments. In that connection we would only desire that some principle will be introduced whereby they will be elected by the classes whom they are to represent.

"The new reforms are opening up an avenue for even greater freedom," declares "The United India and Native States" (Madras), which speaks thus hopefully of the prospect:
"The association of the classes hitherto shut out of the councils of influencing and controlling the Government will make them realize their responsibility for the welfare of the country better than they do, and they will in course of time become enlightened and politically efficient so that the Government will hereafter have to face, not the opinion of an intellectual minority, but of the representatives of intellect plus wealth and historic importance."

Nothing but distrust and disapproval, however, mark the comments of the 'Gujarati' (Bombay), another native organ, whose editor is not "prepared to conscientiously say" that Mr. Morley's proposals "are calculated to satisfy even the moderate expectations of the public." Of these proposals the writer goes on to declare:

"We do not think that they will produce any genuine enthusiasm in any part of the country. The idea of an advisory council of notables had scarcely met with an approval even before the publication of the present dispatch; and now that the details of the scheme are announced it can be easily seen that it contains within itself germs of its own disintegration. The Government are now in a mood to put on the back the aristocracy or the landholding and commercial classes."

"OLD MOORE."

'Old Moore's Almanac' has appeared with a startling batch of prophecies for the coming year of 1908. The Harley-street doctor is to be supplanted by the City Consultant at popular prices, and a great change will take place in the month of January with regard to medical science, prolific advertising for business being likely to follow. Towards the end of February, there will be a popular outcry "against the heavy expense of our tin-creased pantomime Hyde Park, scarlet and blue toy soldiers, and their superior drawing-room carpet warriors." In March, "trouble" is threatened to all battleships; but not in battle. "Their greatest enemy is in their holds; the effects of earth current, acting on the vast magnetic body of metal, will be automatic in its destruction; so that, even these vast engines of destruction, like all submarines and torpedoes, will go towards international peace, as, later, a premium will have to be paid to all existing for a dangerous zone." In April, the Americans, "having captured all our London tube locomotion, are 'fixing up' our journalism, and putting 'hum and bustle' into it." Thus goes on the ancient "Moore," whose "Almanac" and whose prophecies were institutions away back in the dim of our distant boyhood.

"Ver' Honor," protested the seedy prisoner, "this is just a case of police persecution. Dey're 'jivin' ter keep me down, yer Honor. You ain't goin' to let 'em keep me down, are you?" "Certainly not," replied the magistrate, "I'm going to send you up for ninety days."

PAINFUL CASE OF DEBILITY.

CURED BY BLUE BEANS.

"I suffer from debility means that your stomach is completely out of order, and until this is rectified you go on enduring the tortures of pain caused by indigestion, flatulency, sharp twinges of pain like knife stabs, through the whole body, and many other similar discomforts. In all cases of debility Blue Beans are a proved remedy. They specially banish pain and restore the health to the sufferer. Hear what Mrs. Emily Jane Hayward, at 18, Rector Road, Harfield, near Bristol, England, says:

"Last March I was confined to my bed for three weeks in a very serious condition, suffering from terrible pains which had spread all over my body. I could not sleep or lay down with any comfort, and no matter what medicine I took I could not obtain relief. My appetite began to fail and I suffered from general debility. There was a continual tingling in my fingers, and a severe pain across my back. If I partook of any food I was in agony for hours afterwards. In fact, eating was more of a torture than a pleasure. I obtained medical advice, but the body-pains did not leave me, and I was continually suffering. Then I heard of Blue Beans, and commenced to take them. I soon found my appetite was returning, and I began to eat without having the discomforting pains afterwards. In a little while I got entirely rid of the many ailments to which I had been subject. The debility is gone, and I have a keen appetite. I am consequently very happy. I am as good as a state of health as ever in my life and it has been brought about by Blue Beans. I am recommending them to all my friends and especially to those who are ailing."

His Britannic Majesty's Ships on the China Station

Name.	Class.	Tons.	Guns.	H.P.	Captain.	Last reported.
Albatross	despatch-ship	1700	12	3000	Comdr. E. La T. Leatham	Hongkong
Albatross	cruiser, 2nd class	4300	10	8000	Captain S. L. Vaughan Lee	Hongkong
Bedford	cruiser, 1st class	9700	—	—	Capt. E. S. Erskine	Singapore
Bramble	river gunboat	710	2	900	Lieut.-Comdr. Davidson	Shanghai
Britannia	river gunboat	710	2	900	Lieut.-Comdr. Bamber	Hongkong
Charm	ship	1070	6	1400	Comdr. B. L. Majendie	Shanghai
Charm	water tank and tug	380	—	—	—	Hongkong
Charm	ship	1070	6	1400	—	Hongkong
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	380	6	1700	Comdr. J. D. S. Ralke	Hongkong
Charm	cruiser, 2nd class	4300	10	7000	Lieut.-Comdr. Grosvenor	Hongkong
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	275	6	4000	Capt. R. Nugent	Singapore
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	275	6	4000	Lieut.-Comdr. W. H. Darwell	Hongkong
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	280	6	3800	Lieut.-Comdr. Dickson	Hongkong
Charm	cruiser, 1st class	9000	14	25,000	Lieut.-Comdr. Freemantle	Hongkong
Charm	cruiser, 1st class	14,000	14	30,000	Capt. D. H. Hargreaves	Hongkong
Charm	river gunboat	275	4	1200	Capt. C. F. Thureley, R.N.	Yangtze
Charm	cruiser, 1st class	9000	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. Crabtree	Yangtze
Charm	river gunboat	180	2	800	Capt. A. J. Taka	Hongkong
Charm	river gunboat	35	2	240	Lieut.-Com. Day	Yangtze
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	350	6	4300	Lieut.-Comdr. J. Kiddie	Hongkong
Charm	river gunboat	35	2	240	Lt.-Comdr. C. O. Walcott	Hongkong
Charm	river gunboat	35	2	240	Lt.-Com. Wickall	West River
Charm	river gunboat	35	2	240	Lt.-Comdr. Tennison	Yangtze
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	250	6	4500	Lt.-Comdr. D. Strath	Hongkong
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	400	6	—	Commodore Stokes	Hongkong
Charm	river gunboat	180	2	800	Lt.-Comdr. Godfrey	Yangtze
Charm	river gunboat	210	2	800	Lieut.-Comdr. West	Shanghai
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	355	6	4300	Lieut.-Comdr. Stevenson	Hongkong
Charm	torpedo boat destroyer	350	6	4300	Lieut.-Com. Cox	Hongkong
Charm	river gunboat	185	2	800	Lt.-Comdr. G. B. Spicer-Simon	Upper Yangtze
Charm	river gunboat	150	2	500	Lieut.-Com. Todd	Upper Yangtze
Charm	river gunboat	150	2	500	Lieut.-Com. Jno. F. Knox	Upper Yangtze

* Flag of Vice-Admiral Sir W. Arthur Moore, Commander-in-Chief.

Foreign Men-of-war on the China and Japan Station

Name.	Flag and Description.	Tons.	Guns.	H.P.	Captain.	Last reported.
Kaiser Franz Joseph I	Austro-Hungarian cruiser	4309	25	8000	Capt. Wilhelm Pachter	Chefoo
Achilles	French armoured cruiser	1798	10	1700	Lieut. Paro	Hai Phong
Adour	French receiving-ship	3000	—	—	Lieut. Merlo	Hai Phong
Albatross	French cruiser	123	—	500	Capt. Fournier	Shanghai
Argus	French torpedo-boat	4210	—	—	Commodore Kerzhnoff	Cape St. James
Brix	French cruiser	123	—	500	Lieut. Andouard	Canton
Carondelet	French gunboat	4210	—	150	Comdr. Rochas	Bala d'Aoun
Decade	French gunboat	445	10	1000	Lieut. Hie	Shanghai
Decade	French cruiser	11,245	—	—	Lieut. La Blanc	Hongkong
Decade	French sub-marine	350	7	303	Capt. Trapon	Hongkong
Decade	French destroyer	350	7	303	Lieut. Odanella	Salgo
Decade	French gunboat	200	6	303	Lieut. Paro	Salgo
Decade	French gunboat	1250	6	2200	Lieut. Courcier	Hai Phong
Decade	French cruiser	307	6	300	Commodore Simon	Salgo
Decade	French sub-marine	350	7	300	Lieut. Ambruster	Salgo
Decade	French gunboat	350	7	300	Lieut. du Chantal	Chongking
Decade	French torpedo-boat	350	7	300	Capt. Grélier	Tonkin
Decade	French sub-marine	350	7	300	Lieut. Lavisere	Hongkong
Decade	French gunboat	350	7	300	Lieut. de Roinch Wey	Salgo
Decade	French gunboat	350	7	300	Lieut. Glorieux	Salgo
Decade	French battleship	1798	10	1700	Reserve	Salgo
Decade	French gunboat	250	6	—	Capt. Dupuy	Yangtze
Decade	French gunboat	250	6	—	Capt. Targuon	Yangtze
Decade	French gunboat	250	6	—	Capt. Davarone	Hongkong
Decade	French gunboat	250	6	—	Capt. Davarone	Canton
Decade	German flag-ship	10,630	35	14,000	Captain Wilken	Tientsin
Decade	German gunboat	900	10	1300	Comdr. Kras	Shanghai
Decade	German gunboat	900	10	1300	Comdr. von Posadowsky-Wehner	Tientsin
Decade	German cruiser	2250	—	—	Comdr. Engel	Shanghai
Decade	German gunboat	900	10	1344	Comdr. Bolkow	Shanghai
Decade	German cruiser	2600	—	—	Capt. Wilschell	Tientsin
Decade	German torpedo-boat	400	—	—	Lieut. Jakob	Tientsin
Decade	German torpedo-boat	320	—	—	Lieut. Hesse	Tientsin
Decade	German gunboat	900	10	1300	Comdr. von Koss	Hongkong
Decade	German river gunboat	223	5	1200	Capt. Lieut. Fortsch	Canton
Decade	German river gunboat	223	3	500	Capt. Lieut. Toussaint	Yangtze River
Decade	German river gunboat	223	3	500	Lieut. Richers	Yangtze River
Decade	Italian cruiser	2145	—	—	Baron de Saint Pierre	Shanghai
Decade	Portuguese gunboat	720	—	—	Captain Pedrosa	Macao
Decade	U. S. gunboat	420	7	8000	Ensign A. K. Shoup	Philippines
Decade	U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8000	Lieut. Woodard	Japan
Decade	U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8000	Lieut. Irwin	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	600	10	208	Ensign Gray Wilcox	Hongkong
Decade	U. S. cruiser	3100	25	4500	Commodore Alex. Sharp	Hankow
Decade	U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8000	Lieut. E. P. Joseph	Manila
Decade	U. S. cruiser	13,500	—	—	Comdr. Quibby	Philippines
Decade	U. S. cruiser	13,500	—	—	Capt. S. Stanton	Manila
Decade	U. S. cruiser	13,500	—	—	Comdr. C. J. Douth	Manila
Decade	U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8000	Reserve	Manila
Decade	U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8000	Reserve	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	3100	25	4500	Lt.-Comdr. J. T. Jayne	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Capt. Jay Holm	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Capt. T. C. McClean	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Capt. R. R. Ingerson	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Ensign J. W. Hayward	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Ensign A. E. Reed	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Comdr. Stoddard	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Lieut. O. R. Train	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Comdr. Hodges	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Capt. F. F. Fletcher	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Capt. Milton	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Lieut. F. L. Pinney	Manila
Decade	U. S. gunboat	1807	8	1800	Commodore H. R. Rush	Manila

Flagship of Rear-Admiral Joseph Hemphill

Flagship of Vice-Admiral Richard, Commander-in-Chief.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

Flagship of Rear-Admiral de la Figue de Jougues, Second-in-Command.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

REFORM IN CHINA.

BEING a letter addressed to Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Bampfsey, O.B.M.P. And an article in reply to CHINA—THE SLEEP AND AWAKENING.

To be had in pamphlet form at the 'CHINA MAIL' Office, 8, Queen's Road Central.

Price—10 Cents.

THE

POWELL'S

Gent's Outfitters.

FLANNEL

PYJAMAS

Thoroughly well shrunk and
of Beautifully Soft
Texture and Finish.

TAILOR MADE AND OF
SMART, UP TO DATE
PATTERNS.

\$7.50
SUIT.

Wm. POWELL, Ltd.
22, QUEEN'S ROAD,
HONGKONG.

Hotels.

CLARENCE HOUSE.

33, 34 & 35, NORTH SPOONHILL ROAD,
SHANGHAI.
FIRST-Class Boarding House.
Room for one per day, \$5.00.
Room for two per day, \$8.00.
Monthly Rate: Single, \$10.00 & \$11.00.
Two in a Room, \$20.00 extra.
Hongkong, November 4, 1907. 1751

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

AS A GOING CONCERN.

THE
BELLE VIEW HOTEL
(LATE METROPOLE HOTEL).

On the outskirts of Victoria, Hongkong,
well furnished, with a First-class Billiard
Table, Bowling Alley and a beautiful Bar
etc., etc.
For full particulars, apply to
M. A. RAZAOK,
18A, STANLEY STREET,
Hongkong, September 6, 1907. 1018

VICTORIA HOTEL.

TELEGRAMS, VICTORIA, SHANGHAI.
SHANGHAI, CANTON.
On the British Consulate.
H. HAYNES, Manager.

MACAO HOTEL.

TELEGRAMS, SHANGHAI, MACAO.
MACAO, CHINA.
In the Centre of Praya Grand.

BOTH Hotels Electrically Lighted and
under Experienced European
Management.
Every Comfort and Convenience for
Residents and Tourists.
Wm. FARMER, Proprietor,
Capt. T. AUSTIN, Manager.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS AT JANUARY 1, 1906.

2,177,119 11 11
— Accumulated Capital \$2,000,000
— Surplus Capital \$177,119 11 11
— Reserve Fund \$177,119 11 11
— Life Insurance Funds \$177,119 11 11

217,897,119 11 11
Revenue, Fire Branch... \$981,044 19 11
Life & Accident... 1,713,808 19 11
— Unexpended... 23,774,885 19 11

The accumulated Funds of the Fire and
Life Departments are free from liability in
respect of each other.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

Agents

S. MOUTRIE & Co.,

LIMITED.

THE O'CHESTRELLE Co.'s

NEW MODEL.

AERIOLA

PIANO

PLAYERS

RETURNED AFTER A FEW MONTHS
ON HIRE.

Reduced to \$350.

A Marvel of Mechanical
Genius and the most perfect
Instrument on the Market.

A written guarantee given with
each instrument.

SOLE AGENTS:

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.,
YORK BUILDINGS, CHATEAU ROAD.
Hongkong, April 16, 1907.



A. S. WATSON
& Co., Ltd.

THE
GREAT POPULARITY

WATSON'S

E

VERY OLD LIQUEUR

SCOTCH

WHISKY

has been attained by its

CONSISTENT EXCELLENCE
OF QUALITY.

IT IS

A PURE MALT
WHISKY

OF
GENUINE AGE

AND

FINE MELLOW
FLAVOUR.

PER DOZEN.....\$15.00.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, November 29, 1907.

MEMOS FOR TO-MORROW.

Auction.
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, &c., at Mr. Geo. P. Lammer's Sales Rooms.

Miscellaneous.
Goods per Manchuria undelivered after noon on this date subject to rent.
Goods per Nyanza not cleared at 4 p.m. on this date subject to rent.

General Memoranda.

THURSDAY, November 28—
11 a.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, &c., at No. 30, Queen's Road West.
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, &c., at 'Marville', 163, Wanchai Road.
4 p.m.—Auction of China Poles at Kennedy's Stables, Causeway Bay.

FRIDAY, November 29—
2.15 p.m.—Meeting of His Majesty's Justices of Peace at the Magistracy.

WEDNESDAY, November 30—
Goods per Prince Regent undelivered after this date subject to rent.

TUESDAY, December 3—
10 a.m.—Auction of Naval & Victualling Stores, at H. M. Naval Yard.
6.30 p.m.—Organ Recital in St. John's Cathedral.
Goods per Eryll undelivered after this date subject to rent.
Goods per Tourane undelivered after this date at noon will be subject to rent and landing charges.

WEDNESDAY, December 18—
3 p.m.—Auction of Leasehold Property, at Messrs Hughes & Hough's Sales Rooms.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1907.

THE INDIAN SEDITION ACT.

RECENTLY our Legislative Council bestowed upon this Colony a Sedition Bill. It was received with tolerance as something hardly necessary but harmless. On November 1 at Simla the Viceroy's Legislative Council had a measure dealing with a similar subject before it, but one of a much more drastic character. This measure was to make better provision for the prevention of meetings likely to promote sedition or cause disturbance of public tranquillity. The three Indian members of the Council strongly opposed the passage of the bill. The reasons given for this opposition were: that important legislation of a controversial character was never brought forward at the Simla session of the Council, that no necessity existed for the bill, that it would intensify and deepen the sense of injustice and injury and the silent resentment with which the Indian people had been watching the course of recent events and finally that it placed in the hands of the police dangerous powers without sufficient safeguards against their misuse. After the bill had been passed His Excellency the Viceroy made an effective reply to the arguments put forward by the Indian representatives. The Government, he said, had brought the measure before the Simla session because there was an urgent necessity for increased powers to cope with a serious position. The first duty of the Government was the maintenance of law and order and the protection of the people entrusted to its charge. He denied emphatically that the Government had been frightened by a phantom and that the Act just passed implied disloyalty to the masses of the people of India. The Government, however, did not minimise the meaning of the warnings and anxieties of the preceding few months. It could not afford to forget the Rawalpindi Riots, the serious state of affairs in the Punjab, the arrest of Lala Lajpat Rai, and the daily story from Eastern Bengal of assault, of looting, of boycotting and general lawlessness encouraged by agitators who, by public address and by seditious newspapers and leaflets, lost no opportunity of inflaming the worst passions of racial feeling. These agitators had even endeavoured to tamper with the magnificent Indian Army and he trusted that his colleague, the Commander-in-Chief, would convey to the troops his thanks for the contempt with which they had received the disgraceful overtures made to them. Seeds of sedition had been thrown broadcast throughout India and the Government could no longer allow its dissemination. The Act was aimed, not at political reform nor the freedom of speech of the people of India, but at the inauguration of dangerous sedition. Personally he welcomed the growing strength of political hopes and

ambitions in India. Instead of wishing to check that growth he hoped that, with proper guidance, the Indian people would earn a greater share in the government of their country. The Act would only be enforced in those parts of the country where the conditions were unsafe. Reading the objections of the Indian members side by side with the statement of the Viceroy it has to be admitted that His Excellency not only justified the legislation but spoke in a manner which should satisfy the intelligent Indians that he is in full sympathy with their natural political aspirations. The evidence quoted by the Viceroy is sufficient to convince any unprejudiced person that the existing laws had failed to put a stop to a campaign of sedition which might cause terrible bloodshed. The Act is only aimed at those who cherish the hope of driving the British out of the country. And, like martial law, it only comes into operation after proclamation. The law-abiding people of India have nothing to fear. It is only those who defy the law who are likely to suffer and it is in the best interests of the Indian people that they should.

It has been so often stated that Crosby Hall has been finally condemned to demolition that Reuter's telegram to the effect that the Chartered Bank declines to suspend the pulling down of the historic structure is rather perplexing. As long ago as October 5, Mr. T. P. O'Connor in "P. T. O." wrote: "and so Crosby Hall, which rose from the ruins of Roman edifices five centuries ago is no more." This is a good example of intelligent anticipation of events. However it seems as though at last the old Hall is doomed, in spite of the fact that King Edward himself expressed a wish that it should be preserved. Public spirit in Great Britain would appear to be as lethargic as it is often said to be in Hongkong. The Chartered Bank cannot be blamed for the destruction of the Hall. At great inconvenience and a loss estimated at £600 a week, it has abstained from the work of demolition for months while an effort was made to collect enough money to save it from its impending fate. The apathy shown in this matter by the wealthy people of London reflects little credit upon them.

LOCAL AND COAST NEWS.

The gun practice advertised to take place to-morrow has been cancelled.

Mr Melbourne Inman, the billiard expert, plays, we understand, at the Hongkong Club on Thursday at 5 p.m. and 9 p.m.

The Kuman Maru (Capt. Mathieson) arrived this morning from Yokohama on her way to Australia. She has a number of passengers going south, and brought to port a cargo of oil, potatoes and sea products.

Thos. A. Zafro (Capt. A. Fraser) reached the harbour this morning from Manila, after experiencing a strong monsoon and rough sea throughout the voyage. She carried a cargo of hemp and sugar, and a number of passengers.

We are told that a consignment of flour recently reached a southern port in a fairly lively condition. Upon recovering his breath after the first shock the opening up of the flour caused the consignee wrote to the shipper announcing that the flour contained "weevils, weevils, and buttermilk," but he did not ask whether any extra charge would be made for the entomological exhibits.

The mortality returns compiled weekly by the Sanitary Board seem to indicate that the health of the colony is better this year than last. During the week ended November 2 there were 129 deaths, 19.9 per 1000 of the entire community, against 26.5 for the corresponding week last year, and for the week ended November 9 the deaths totalled 129, or 21.0 per 1000 against 22.4 for the corresponding period last year.

J. J. Hill, former president of the Great Northern railroad, and a recognized authority on matters relating to railroads, declares that it will take \$7,000,000,000 to provide adequate railroad facilities for the United States.

A FOLLOWER OF INFLUENZA.

MANY persons find themselves affected with a persistent cough after an epidemic of influenza. As this cough can be promptly cured by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy it should not be allowed to run on until it becomes troublesome. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

THE TOURANE VOYAGE.

At 2 a.m. this morning the French mail steamer Tourane (Capt. Lancelotti) arrived in port from Marseilles. She left Marseilles on Oct. 27 at noon and through the Mediterranean Sea fine weather was experienced. Passing through the Canal a blade of the port propeller was damaged. In the Indian Ocean the steamer encountered stormy weather, and from Singapore to Saigon, and later to Hongkong a strong North East monsoon was experienced. The steamer carried a general cargo and 368 passengers in all classes.

THE PASSION PLAY.

On Saturday night at the Theatre Royal Hongkong residents will have the opportunity of witnessing a cinematograph reproduction of the great Passion Play of Oberammergau, showing the life of Christ. The exhibition will be given by the Cinematograph Pathé which displayed films at the Cricket Ground on the night of the Fete. The film is 6000 feet long and the pictures are magnificent. In addition to this special feature there will be numerous other films, humorous, tragic, and pathetic, all being splendidly produced. The booking is open at Moutrie and Co's.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FROM AMERICA TO CHINA.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, October 21.

We have the wireless "Wires" across the Atlantic at last. Not that it is working as freely as the London papers are telling their readers, but, with the limitations of such a new service, we can say that this week we have passed many messages satisfactorily across the wide ocean and are given a portent of the great things that are still to come. I myself have had two messages through. One was from Canada, giving the gist of an interview with Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, in which he said he could not understand the opposition of the Canadian people to the influx of Japanese, for he considered the Japanese were often the equal of white men as citizens and workmen. In addition he repeated the promise that the Canadian Pacific will soon produce a faster service of trains and steamers connecting Great Britain and the Pacific.

The other was from New York, summarising the address of Dr. Ayers of the New York Polytechnic to the New York Medical Society, in which he declared that mosquitoes were responsible for 250,000 deaths every year, and were the direct cause of five diseases—malaria, fever, dengue, filariasis, and yellow fever.

There is the utmost secrecy on the part of the Marconi people, however, as to the time it takes to get the messages through, and I know of many complaints of delay, lasting days; but, after all, the effect is that the trans-Atlantic connection has been started on a regular basis and no doubt the development of the system will follow. The ordinary cable companies are trying to appear nonchalant, but as a matter of fact there is not that real carelessness in their minds that they pretend. They are charging full rates for press messages for the land distance connecting New York and Glace Bay, Nova Scotia, where the Marconi station is, and in other ways are showing that they do not want to help the enterprise.

There is to be built in Italy the most powerful set of Marconi towers in the world. These towers are to be extended round the world. It is on the cards that messages may be sent before long from Vancouver to Capetown, and Mr Marconi even promises to get through from America to the Far East by next June or July.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr and Mrs Dunn arrived from Japan on the Kuman Maru.

Our London correspondent mentioned in a letter dated Oct. 21 that Mr Van Buren was staying at the Ritz Hotel.

The Korean Emperor has issued a Decree ordering the Crown Prince to study in Japan, and appointing Prince Ita as his tutor in local parents.

According to Manila papers Pollards Company of Lilliputians are doing well; their singing and acting are highly spoken of and they are drawing big houses nightly. They will be in Hongkong shortly.

Lloyd's Greater Britain Publishing Company is now actively engaged compiling 20th Century Impressions of Hongkong and the Treaty Ports of China, and the staff already engaged has been increased by the arrival of Mr O. T. Broadbent of the literary department. Mr Somerset Playze informs us that three members are now working in Shanghai, one in Amoy, and five in Hongkong, while at the end of this month some half a dozen more including Mr W. A. Cartwright are expected from Singapore.

CHARGES AGAINST JUDGE WILLEY.

WASHINGTON, November 19.
Lorin Andrews, a practicing lawyer of Shanghai and ex-Attorney-General of the Hawaiian Islands, has filed with President Roosevelt impeachment charges against Judge Willey of the United States Court for China. The charges are seven in number and are for malfeasance in office, caused by alleged misconduct and abuses as Judge of the United States Court for China.

CHINA'S TREND.

It is a wise saying of Ruskin "In all things throughout the world the men who look for the crooked will see the crooked, and the men who look for the straight will see the straight." Like most of the wisest utterances that form the heritage of "the heirs of all the ages the dictum is deeply and eternally true. Its applications to phenomena observable everywhere in the movements of the new time in China are varied and instructive. There is a sinister view point from which nothing can be discerned except the unsatisfactory, the discouraging, and the "crooked." Possibilities prophets have no outlook; their horizon is narrowed, and they everywhere see not things as they really are, but the distortions, the shades and even the shadows of shades. The causes are subjective, the effects despondency and despair.

It is one of the most suggestive facts that men are found to write and speak as if China had not even begun a new departure in her hitherto stagnant national life. To such critics the naval and military movements in the Far East during the last two decades have no significance, the present educational and social movements have no value; and in the far-reaching moral, political and national movements they fail to see the genesis of a new era in the history of our relations with the empire of China.

To the resident or visitor who has the seeing eye and the hearing ear, there lies open a world of evidence that China is advancing with quite unmistakable clarity towards the goal which comes more clearly into view with each step in the path of progress. Canton, probably one of the largest distributing centres in the world, and of the first importance in respect of facilities for the distribution of food supplies is now deeply concerned with the questions of market buildings which it is desired to erect after the model of those most approved in the cities of Hongkong have been for the past twenty-five years among those "object lessons" with Governor Des Vaux affirmed with truth would in time move China to imitation and even to healthy emulation.

The market question not alone at Canton but in every great city of the empire is felt to be one of outstanding importance, demanding the attention of all progressive and not unworthy of the consideration of the most intelligently patriotic minds. From time immemorial the practice of holding markets practically as they are held to-day has been a marked feature in the life of the people of China. The institution grows out of the needs of mankind in settled communities. Villages, hamlets and smaller towns depend on the larger centres for the transactions of buying and selling, to the large towns the agriculturists bring their produce, the fisher folk the spoils of the rivers, the tolling industrialists the results of their handicraft.

A system of markets adjusted as respects "days of holding" to meet the requirements of an extensive countryside is the rule throughout Kwangtung and equally, the rule in other provinces. The students of Mencius will recall a notable passage in which the origin of monopolies is explained and in which reference is made to an enterprising dealer who seized on the "conspicuous mound" for the display of his goods, thus attracting to himself an undue proportion of the trade. The passage is noteworthy as illustrating primitive conditions in the commercial life of the people. Those conditions have not changed essentially during the centuries. "Conspicuous mounds" and level spaces have been roofed over as a needed protection from weather, with probably an eye more to the merchandise than to merchants or customers. These huts, as far as we know (save in places like Shanghai and Tientsin, where foreign communities may be said to be paramount), been no systematic endeavour to further improve trading facilities by means of buildings erected specially for the purpose.

The proposal in Canton as respects one market is to use for the purpose a temple and grounds near the great South gate. The temple has hitherto been sacred to the Gods of Literature and War, and we think the proposal to convert such a building, with its appurtenances into a market-structure a striking and pertinent illustration of the march of events. When Canton moves on the lines of Western innovations, the signal, which other cities and towns will not be slow to follow, is given, and a desired impetus to progress has been given which we will do well not to overlook.

COMBATING SMALL-POX.

Some Pertinent Questions.

Mr Lau Chui Pak asked the following questions at the meeting of the Sanitary Board to-day—

(a) Is there a good stock of fresh vaccine in hand?

(b) If not, have steps been taken to ensure a good supply at an early date?

(c) Complaints having been received that the vaccine now being used is ineffective, is it the old stock?

(d) Will, in future, a good supply of fresh vaccine be got ready every year, at the beginning of the vaccination season?

The Hon. Dr. Atkinson answered as follows:—

(a) and (b): Yes, there are over 1200 tubes of vaccine lymph on hand.

(c): The vaccine during the summer months became weakened as no buffalo calves were available. Some have been recently obtained so the strain has been fortified.

(d): Yes, as long as I am head of the Medical Department.

ANOTHER CHINESE PROTEST.

This Time Macao.

Another instance of the progress or otherwise of civilisation in New China is manifested in the following: On the 24th instant a most exciting meeting of the gentry and educated class of the Heung Shan District was held at the Ming Lun Tong to discuss what is called an encroachment upon Chinese territory by the Portuguese authorities of Macao. It has been stated for some time that the Macao Government has a strong desire to annex certain Chinese territory known as Wanchai in the neighbourhood of Macao, and it was not until quite recently that they call a spirit of patriotism and have taken upon themselves the duty to look after the integrity of their native home. On the day stated Wu Sing-lau was appointed president and Chan Chung-kwai, vice-president of the meeting and the resolutions adopted were as follow:—

The Portuguese having forcibly taken possession of Wanchai which is Chinese territory, what steps should be taken to oppose them?

Whatever might be the steps decided upon, the co-operation of the following districts should be secured:—Wanchow, Sun On, and Kwaisin.

It was proposed that a joint memorial embodying the matter should be sent to the Viceroy of Canton and similar telegrams to be sent to the Grand Council, the Waiwups, denouncing the encroachment.

Tung Shao Yi, Governor of Mouk-don, and Tuen Liang of Tientsin (who are natives of Heung Shan) were to be informed of the situation and their support requested.

The above were agreed upon, and wires have been despatched accordingly, with what result we are yet unable to record. We also understand that the Heung Shan Community of Hongkong take a very keen interest in the matter and telegrams of protest have been sent to influential friends at Peking. It is further stated that a suggestion of self-government in the vicinity of the encroachment has been brought before the Chinese Government, and regulations relating to same have been drawn out.

THE SOUTH CHINA TRADE.

An Australian paper arriving by the last mail has this: A report received from the Queensland agent in the East stated that the annual meeting of Barretto and Company, held in Hongkong recently, showed that the year's business totalled 7,120,000 dollars, of which 2,200,000 dollars came from Australian trade. The chairman said that the past 12 months' trade was the worst that merchants in South China had ever experienced, chiefly owing to the cotton crisis.

THE BARRA PAGODA.

Bonze Still A Resident.

When we reported the other day the incident which took place at the Barra Pagoda, Macao, between the managing committee and the resident bonze, the matter was said to have been submitted to the proper authorities for investigation, but so far as we have been informed the great representative of Buddha still maintains his firmness and position as resident bonze. Even a bonze of higher degree from Canton was unable to make him leave the Pagoda, notwithstanding the severe rebuke he gave him. It is extraordinary that the authorities continue to neglect this matter. The bonze must be an exceptional entity or demon-possessed, otherwise the authorities would not be so much at a loss. We believe Mr A. Coutinho will not allow this to pass unnoticed and probably the delay may be justified. However, we await further developments.

ARMY AND NAVY.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, October 25.

The official intimation that the cruiser King Alfred, flagship of Admiral Sir A. W. Moore, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of the China Squadron and the Eastern Cruiser Fleet, is to be re-commissioned, a Singapore, for another two years, effectually disposes of the rumour that she was to be replaced by a battleship. The new crew, to the number of 30 officers and 800 of other ranks, will be sent out to Singapore by the cruisers Hawks and Crescent, leaving Plymouth about the end of next month.

The draft which leaves London for next week to join the 3rd Battalion Middlesex Regiment at Hongkong, will be the last supplied by the 4th Battalion this recruiting season. The draft numbers 154 of all ranks. The Sicilian, which takes out the drafts for the Straits and China, will leave Southampton on the 31st inst., and will reach Hongkong via Singapore, on the 10th December.

The 4th Battalion Middlesex Regiment has been placed under orders to leave London on the 13th February, 1908, for Tidworth Camp, Salisbury Plain.

"The congregation paid up every cent of my back salary to-day," announced the village minister.

"How in the world did they happen to do that?" queried his astonished wife.

"I announced from the pulpit," explained the good man, "that unless I got it I would not be able to take the three months' vacation I had planned."

BY TELEGRAPH.

ARMY CHANGES.

Major-General Miles Promoted.

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuter, via Bombay.)

Major-General H. S. G. Miles, C.B., C.V.O., M.V.O., Director of recruiting and Organisation, Army Headquarters, has been appointed to succeed Lieut.-General Sir William G. Nicholson, K. C. B., as Quartermaster General of the Forces.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

The Next Term.

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuter, via Bombay.)

President Roosevelt has instructed his Ministers to warn their subordinates not to pursue a campaign for the renomination of Roosevelt for President.

GREAT BRITAIN AND GERMANY.

Another Royal Visit.

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuter, via Bombay.)

The Berlin papers announce that the Prince and Princess of Wales have accepted an invitation to visit the Kaiser in Germany in 1908.

RACING.

The Manchester Handicap.

LONDON, November 24.
1.—Deking Lass (1 Baitinglass).
2.—Wisemason.
3.—Lischna.

THE FRENCH IN AFRICA.

LONDON, November 24.
A French punitive expedition left Lalauara at midnight, against the Beninians tribe, which has recently been giving trouble.

Artillery fire was heard for many hours to-day.

LATE.

The Beninians (1 Benin Hassan, Morocco) attacked the French expedition and were repulsed after four hours' fighting.

THE SUFFRAGETTES.

LONDON, November 24.
The campaign which the Suffragettes have recently been pursuing most actively at meetings and cabinet committees, came to a climax yesterday, at Leeds, where meetings of Mr. Gladstone's were completely broken up by women.

To-day they invaded the Police Courts of London and the Provinces, protesting against voteless women being tried by man-made laws.

THE GERMAN NAVAL ESTIMATES.

LONDON, November 24.
A memorandum attached to the German Naval Estimates shows an estimated expenditure for ten years, 1908/1917, of £208,000,000, being an increase of £48,900,000 compared with the estimate for 1906.

Of the increase £35,900,000, is allotted to ships and armaments.

AMERICAN COTTON.

LONDON, November 24.
The New Orleans Farmers' Union has submitted to the farmers a plan to reduce the acreage for cotton growing in 1908, in order to secure 150 per pound, and to withhold from 4,000,000 to 5,000,000 bales of the 1907 cotton until 1908 is obtained.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

THERE is probably no medicine made in this world so well known and more efficacious than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. During the third of a century in which it has been in use, people have learned that it is the one remedy that never fails. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. For sale by all chemists and store-keepers.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Legislative Council will be held on Thursday at 2.30 p.m. The business is as follows:—
1. Financial Minutes (Nos. 20 to 60).
2. Report of the Finance Committee (No. 10).
3. Amendment of Cleanliness and Ventilation By-laws.

The Council will go into Committee on the bill entitled an Ordinance to amend the law relating to Companies.

A meeting of the Finance Committee will be held immediately after the Council.

CHINA MISSIONS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Oct. 31.

At the end of the current week the largest missionary meeting of the year is to be held at the Albert Hall to press the claims of China on the churches of this country. It forms only the centre of a widespread list of meetings in Great Britain, the United States and Canada. Twelve of the great denominations, under the lead of the British and Foreign Bible Society, are cooperating in the work, and leaders of the Anglican Church, the Society of Friends, and all the Nonconformist bodies are taking part in the meeting. Other meetings follow in Newcastle, Belfast, Glasgow, and elsewhere.

SPORTING.

Athletics.

THE LOCAL A.A.A.

Yesterday afternoon the first annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic Association was held in the Hongkong Hotel, Major Brooke, R.E., presiding. The draft rules were discussed and passed, and a letter from the A.A.A. (London) regarding the status of soldiers and sailors was read. This laid down that any soldier or sailor lost his amateur status by competing at regimental or service meetings, whether for money prizes or not, except for Championship of the Army events. Thus they were ineligible to compete under A.A.A. rules.

Mr H. L. O. Garrett (Hon. Secretary) then referred to a proposal to hold cross-country events, in Kowloon or Hongkong. It was suggested that five races be held for a challenge cup, the winner of each race to be presented with a medal and the aggregate points to win the cup. The first man home to score 10 marks, the next 9 and so on until the tenth man in scored one and those behind him nothing. After a discussion as to when the first race should be held it was decided that on Sunday, December 15, at 3.30 in the afternoon, would be most acceptable and this was settled.

The question of holding an Athletic Meeting to cover championships was again raised, but beyond discussion nothing was decided upon, the secretary being deputed to write to members and secure their opinions.

The membership has now reached 60, of whom 37 have paid in advance. This places the Association on a good financial basis, as the expenses are very light.

Boxing.

GRIFFITHS V. MARRIOTT.

J. Griffiths, of the A.O.C., has accepted Marriott's challenge to a boxing contest on December 7, and the details are now being arranged.

We are also informed that Perkins, of the Middlesex Regiment, has accepted Wilks' challenge.

PLAGUE STRICKEN RATS.

A glance through the returns compiled by the Sanitary Board with regard to the destruction of rats in Victoria and Kowloon, shows that the crusade against the rodent is in no way being relaxed, and that, what is more interesting, the number of infected rats has diminished. The following figures speak eloquently for themselves:

Period	Rats	Plague
Sept. 1 to Nov. 23, 1907	9,070	1
" " " " 1906	6,894	1
" " " " 1905	7,948	217

During the fortnight ending November 23, 1907, 1837 rats were caught, one only being plague infected.

WEATHER REPORT.

The following notice is issued by Mr. Figg of the Hongkong Observatory:—

On the 26th at 12.05 p.m.—The barometer has fallen over China, particularly on the E. coast.

The anticyclonic area is still central to the North of the Upper Yangtze, and pressure continues relatively low over the S. part of the China Sea.

The monsoon will moderate in the Formosa Channel, but continue to blow strongly over the China Sea.

The Japanese reports are lacking this morning.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-morrow.

FORECAST DISTRICT.

1.—Hongkong and Neighbourhood: N.E. winds, fresh; fair.

2.—Formosa Channel: N.E. winds, strong.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamook: S. breeze No. 2.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: Same as No. 2.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

CONTAINS absolutely nothing injurious to the system, and is pleasant to take. It is the one remedy that never fails. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. For sale by all chemists and store-keepers.

THE BUILDING ORDINANCE.

How Branches are Protected.

At the ordinary meeting of the Sanitary Board, held this afternoon, a letter from Messrs Palmer and Turner, asking for permission to erect a branch in the lavatory adjoining the billiard room in No. 1 House, East Point, the residence of the head of Messrs Jardine, Matheson and Company, Ltd., was laid on the table. It was stated in the letter that the branch would be flushed with water from the Government main, by an automatic flushing cistern.

The Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewett intimated that it was a bad precedent to allow water for flushing purposes to be drawn from the Government main and if granted in this case could hardly be refused in others. This was yet another case of a branch being erected without permission, although the architects were well aware that permission was necessary. The law, thought Mr. Hewett, should be amended, so as to allow of a heavy fine being imposed for these continual breaches of the Ordinance.

Messrs H. Humphreys and A. Shelton Hooper intimated:—Grant.

SANITARY BOARD v. GOVERNMENT.

Protest From Lau Chu Pak.

The unofficial members of the Sanitary Board have a grievance against the Government and they do not believe in allowing any opportunity to go by without airing their complaints. From their point of view they are being treated with comparative contempt, and they do not desire that this should continue. At to-day's meeting of the Board Mr. Lau Chu Pak returned to the subject of the Governor-in-Council ignoring the recommendations of the Board, and indicated the following letter to the Secretary of the Board:—

"I beg to request that you will be good enough to furnish me and the other members of the Board, if they so wish, with a return showing (a) The number of the Board's recommendations which have been accepted or refused by the Governor-in-Council from January 1, 1907, and (b) where the recommendations were refused whether the Board decided differently from what the Building Authority or the Medical Officer of Health advised."

The Secretary's reply was as follows:—

"(a) The total recommendations relative to sections 175, 180, 183, 183, etc., since January 1 number 176. (b) Recommendations refused by the Government, 4. (c) Still under consideration by the Government, 2."

In case of (b) a table was given showing how the M.O.H. had advised, how the Board had recommended, and the Government's action.

In the case of the Ko Shing Street houses, an application to erect latrines on the roof, the M.O.H. and Board recommended granting, but the Government refused.

With regard to 83 Connaught Road, an application to retain a water tank in the back yard, the M.O.H. advised:—

In this case there was a latrine along side the water tank with no interspace between. The water in the tank was very dirty and there was also a bath room in the back yard. I see no objection to the latrine and bath room if the water tank is removed. The premises are used as an oil store godown. There are water taps available. The tank is 4 feet 2 in. by 3 ft. 5 in. by 3 ft. and the yard is 13 ft. by 15 ft. The Board recommended that the application be granted but the Government refused.

Another instance was in respect to 31 Gage Street, an application to retain a water tank in the back yard. The M.O.H. recommended refusal, the Board recommended granting, but the Government refused.

The fourth case referred to 351 Queen's Road West, an application for exemption from complying with section 175. The M.O.H. intimated:—The Board may feel disposed to grant exemption to 351, which is a corner house, though I am not prepared to recommend this, but in the case of 351 I certainly think that half verandah and half kitchen should be provided. The premises are fairly deep and very badly lit at the back. The back part of 351 is well lit by side windows; the back part of 351 is very badly lit, especially on the ground floor. The Board decided to grant the application for exemption, subject to the consent of the Governor in Council being obtained, for so long as the land in the rear was not built over. The Government decided to grant the application on the half verandah, half kitchen, as in the case of 351.

When the reply was circulated Mr. Lau Chu Pak intimated:—The Board's recommendations have been refused in almost every case and as the Board has no power to grant applications for exemption or modification such applications should in future be forwarded direct to the Government.

As things go at the present, personally I think it simply wastes valuable time in discussing and making recommendations on them.

The Hon. A. W. Brown intimated:—The return may be laid on the table. The Government is in possession of the views of the Sanitary Commission and no further action seems called for until the Commission's report has been considered and the views of the Government published.

"I'm quite positive," said Miss Lovell, "that the Jews are a great deal."

"How do you know?" demanded Miss Hardman.

"O! I can tell by his sighs whenever—"

"Now, don't fool yourself! You can't gauge the depth of a man's love by his sighs."

MELBOURNE INMAN.

A BRILLIANT CUESTIST.

Melbourne Inman, one of the leading cuestists in the world, and one who has aspirations towards the World's Championship, arrived in the Colony yesterday in continuation of a tour which commenced on April 15 last and has so far embraced the whole of Australia and New Zealand. One cannot fail to be impressed favourably by the visitor, who is nothing if not modest. He knows he can play billiards—his list of breaks made during the present tour is sufficient guarantee of that—but at the same time he does not go out of his way to impress that fact upon those whom he meets. He believes in the motto of letting his performances speak for themselves, and they have spoken with no uncertain voice.

In the course of a chat with a representative of the CHINA MAIL, yesterday afternoon, Mr. Inman expressed himself as thoroughly satisfied with the result of his tour. He had splendid business in Australia, particularly in Melbourne, though it was in Brisbane that he found his best form, and there rattled up a break of 604, on July 24. Mr. Inman spoke highly of the reception he had been given in the Commonwealth and the Dominion of New Zealand, and was also very much pleased with the welcome he had received in our own Colony. Though he was to remain here for a fortnight he had almost booked up all his openings and felt inclined, he said, to give a two or three days' exhibition game in the City Hall or some convenient place. It is evident, he remarked, that billiards is a popular game in Hongkong.

In Australia Inman met and defeated the boy Champion—Young Lindrum, of West Australia—conceding him on an average 400 out of 1000. Considering that Lindrum is practically the champion of Australia, though Mennott is the holder of the title, this is no mean performance; and, if further evidence were needed, stamps Inman as a player of merit. The Australians played billiards well, thought the visitor, particularly when it was considered that they did not get the opportunities of studying the finest points of the game by seeing the very best men play. All that is necessary to make the leading Australian players really fine exponents of the game is that they should have an opportunity of playing against the best of the Home players. It is essential in the compilation of huge breaks that a player should be able to get the most difficult stroke on the table in order to keep his ball in position and get out of an awkward corner, and there are few men in the world who can do this. Naturally, in speaking about Australia, the conversation turned to the Australian player at Home, Weiss, one of the few living men who have beaten John Roberts level (though in the case of Weiss it was on an arc-a-la table). Inman has often played Weiss level and has always been successful.

In Sydney Inman played Stevenson at Bedford's rooms (Bedford is an ex-convict champion) and they won one game each, though according to the newspaper cuttings which Inman carries with him, he should have won both, breaking down in the game he lost when almost in sight of victory.

In regard to his challenge to any player in the world for £100 aside Inman remarked that the game would have to be played under the National Billiard Association rules. There had been considerable trouble on this point in the past, owing to neither Stevenson nor Dawson being willing to allow the Association to make the arrangements and say on what kind of table and with what balls the game should be played. Of course, it is a splendid advertisement to the makers of tables to have their particular table selected for the championship and the makers were willing to pay high for that privilege. Both Stevenson and Dawson wanted to reap the benefit of this state of affairs and played on the table which paid the highest sum. "However, between now and next November much might be arranged," added Inman, "for I will not be home until the 1908 season. Stevenson has given me a fourth of the game start but I have at times beaten him by his start and neither Stevenson nor Dawson have beaten me under the National Association rules. Just before leaving home Stevenson conceded me 2550 start in 9000 and I won by 1875."

In glancing through Mr. Inman's book of cuttings the frequent mention of Diggle was noticeable, and Inman, answering a query, remarked that Diggle was the most scientific billiard player he had ever seen.

It was in Australia that Inman made the record of the red ball, scoring 276, and at Thursday Island he made 141, all losing hazards of the red. When he arrives in India, after his Far Eastern tour, Inman proposes to again visit the Commonwealth, and he will probably be "out" again after a season or so at home.

CALAIS TO TOKYO.

A Seventeen Days' Journey.

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, October 21.

Mr. H. M. Snow, of the International Car Company, told me the other day something of what is to be done in providing a more direct overland route between Europe and the Far East, and especially Japan, than is available at present. The new route will be over the Trans-Siberian line to Khabarovsk, then south to Mukden, and east over the new line which the Japanese are building in Korea to tap the Trans-Siberian at that point. A steam ferry will run across the Straits to Japan. He expects to eventually get the whole journey down to seventeen days from Calais to Tokyo.

AMOIY NOTES.

(From Our Correspondent.)

AMOIY HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

AMOIY, November 18.

The annual autumn chrysanthemum and flower show was held on the Cricket Ground and in the Masonic Hall, Kulungau, on Saturday, 10th inst. The Show was open to the public from 3 p.m. onwards, and was quite up to the level of previous years in the quality of the exhibits, though perhaps the number of flowers was fewer than usual. Some of the chrysanthemum plants and their blooms were simply magnificent, and it was a revelation to see what a variety of hue the anemone can show. There were some very fine specimens both of clematis and croton, and the canna showed up well.

As to the cut flowers, they were superb, the cactus dahlias being wonderfully beautiful. "A thing of beauty is a joy for ever," and one longed for some way of preserving such lovely flowers. It seems almost sad that they should so soon fade. In the plants in pots, Mr. A. F. Gardiner came off best with six first and four second prizes. Mr. W. H. Wallace had two first and seven second prizes, while Mr. Kruse had five firsts and two seconds.

But in the cut flowers, Mr. W. H. Wallace easily came in ahead, with seven firsts and six seconds, while the other exhibitors had to be content with five prizes among them.

Luckily it was a fine morning, and though a smart shower fell in the afternoon, it was not of a nature to do any harm to anything, or to hinder a large number of Amoy residents from availing themselves of the opportunity of coming out to view the show. Amoy is to be congratulated upon the enterprise of a number of gentlemen who do their level best to make these spring and autumn flower shows so successful.

THE AMOIY AND KULUNGAU GOLF CLUB.

The annual meeting of this club was held on Friday evening, the 15th inst., at the Amoy Club, when the usual routine business was put through expeditiously.

LAST WEEK'S MURDER.

The body of the murdered man was washed ashore on Kulungau on Monday morning early, and taken by the Municipal Authorities to the Mortuary, where it was found that he had met his death through a fatal stab in the back of the head, and by strangling. The Chinese Magistrate came to view the body the same afternoon, and it was handed over to his father, who had come down from Foochow in the a.s. Hai-ching on Sunday, and who arranged for the burial towards dusk, in the presence of a large crowd of spectators. Two other men are implicated in the affair, and a woman, but these two men have fled by steamer to Swatow, and efforts are being made to find them. The execution of the man they have already taken into custody will not be long delayed, and it is said that the gruesome deed is to be performed at a prominent spot on the Amoy side, after which the murderer's head is to be carried round the island of Kulungau, in order to strike terror into the hearts of all evil-doers.

THE "MOJO BEE" EVIDENCE.

A notice in a recent issue of a curious translation of a paragraph from a Shanghai newspaper about the epidemic of cholera that most unfortunately broke out on the a.s. Hong Bee during her last trip up from Singapore via Hongkong. The numbers as given by this Chinese paper were grossly exaggerated, but it is quite true that a good many died on the way up, and it is to be feared that others will die after getting on shore, and returning to their own homes. It seems a pity that there is no attempt in Hongkong to delay a steamer with such a serious epidemic of illness on board, and to adopt some measures of segregation until the disease is eradicated. To dump a large crowd of coolies laden with germs of disease on to the shores of China seems nothing short of criminal. I suppose it is thought that China is so full of plagues already, that one more is of little consequence. Luckily the colder weather is approaching, so that we may hope the epidemic will not spread.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Council was held at the Board Room on the 5th November, when there were present Messrs. W. H. Wallace (Chairman), C. A. V. Davis, A. F. Gardiner, Huang Tsun-chen, W. Wilson, S. Okuyama, the Health Officer and the Secretary. A letter was read from the Health Officer drawing attention to the insanitary state of a well—said to be the property of the British Consulate at Tsh-ke-tah. It was decided to ask the British Consul to have the well put into a sanitary condition, or to hand the well over to the Council as a public well, in which latter event the Council would undertake the necessary repairs. In order to improve the lighting of the Island, the Secretary was instructed to purchase a Kifson patent lamp, and experiment with it on different sites in the Settlement. The Superintendent of Police reported that the following cases had been dealt with in the Mixed Court since the last meeting:—Summons, 10; Pigs to stray, 4; Sailing-houer without a license, 4; Assault, 9; Summary Arrests, 1; Being in possession of stolen property, 1; Obstructing the Police, 1; Assault, 1.

A QUESTION THAT EVERY MAN SHOULD DECIDE FOR HIMSELF.

THERE is one subject in which many of us are interested and that is, what is the quickest way of getting rid of a troublesome cold? It is to be taken some new remedy put out with exaggerated claims, or to pin your faith to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, a preparation that has won a world-wide reputation, and is immune to the cure of this disease. This remedy is for sale by all chemists and store-keepers.

THE MELBOURNE CUP.

(From Our Correspondent.)

Won by Apologue.

The following is an account of the Melbourne Cup from an Australian paper:

MELBOURNE CUP: Of 30 sows, each with 5000 sows added; second horse, 1000 sows; third horse, 500 sows. Two miles.

R. L. Cleland's Apologue, by Phoenix Apollo—Miss Gladys, 7.9 (W. Evans) 1

J. Samuel's Mooltan, by Posidon—Dillik, 7.12, including 10 lb. penalty (W. McLehlan) 2

J. McDonald's Mountain King, by Wallace—Bonnie Rosette, 7.8 (F. Hickley) 3

J. J. Macken's Tartan, by Lochiel—Colours, 8.9 (W. H. Smith) 4

Posidon, 10.3 (T. R. Ryan) 5

Melodrama, including 10 lb. penalty, 8.8 (J. Barden) 6

Proceeders, 8.4 (C. Pratt) 7

Tulkerey, including 7 lb. penalty, 8.2 (R. Lewis) 8

Ellis, 7.9 (T. Turner) 9

Dyed Garments, 7.8 (S. D. Fisher) 10

Spinaway, 7.5 (J. D. Campbell) 11

Peru, 7.5 (C. Cooper) 12

Thackery, 7.1 (G. Ross) 13

Lady Esme, 6.11 (C. Doyle) 14

Bendigo, 6.9 and 2 lb. over (C. Bolton) 15

Knox, 6.9 and 3 lb. over (D. McGowan) 16

Lady Diffidence, 6.7 (J. Pike) 17

Welcome Trick, 6.7 and 8 lb. over (R. W. Brunnan) 18

Moani, 6.7 (E. McDonald) 19

Betting: 3 to 1 v. Apologue, 4 to 1 v. Posidon, 7 to 1 v. Mooltan and Mountain King, 8 to 1 v. Welcome Trick, 10 to 1 v. Dyed Garments and Bendigo, 20 to 1 v. Tartan, Lady Diffidence, and Spinaway, 50 to 1 v. Melodrama, Tulkerey, Peru, Lady Esme, Moani, 100 to 1 v. Proceeders, Ellis, Thackery, 200 to 1 v. Knox.

As the 19 starters executed their preliminary canter, the popular idol, Posidon, was the recipient of a special cheer, as he swept gracefully over the turf, with his characteristic long, swinging stride. On arrival at the starting post they quickly dropped into line, and it was noticeable that the last to take up his position was the favourite—and subsequent winner—Apologue. The veteran Proceeders was on the rail, with Posidon on his whip hand, and next to the champion was Peru. The colossal Mountain King's tartan jacket showed conspicuously in the centre, and then came Bendigo, Tulkerey, and Dyed Garments, Melodrama and Apologue were in the outer division, and Thackery was on the extreme outside. There was very little jockeying as they faced the barrier, and Mr. Watson sent them away to an excellent start on the stroke of 3.30, the appointed time. Whatever slight advantage was gained at the start fell to the lot of Welcome Trick, who found his feet very unsteady, while Tartan swayed momentarily and got away last, though not actually left in the ordinary acceptance of the term. Crossing the tan Bendigo and Proceeders, on the inside, were together, in front, with Moani and Mountain King next. The colours could be more distinctly seen as they entered the straight, where they were going to be a cracker, and the field swept along the straight at a rare hot. Mountain King led past the stand, followed by Bendigo and Lady Esme together, and then came Knox, Spinaway, Mooltan, Melodrama, Tulkerey, and Apologue, with Posidon in the centre, and the last three being Tartan, Dyed Garments, and Proceeders. As they turned out of the straight the pace was maintained, and at the mile and a quarter post, six furlongs having been covered, Lady Esme shot to the front, with Mountain King and Bendigo close up, and then came Spinaway, Knox, Mooltan, Ellis, Apologue, Welcome Trick, Posidon, and Melodrama, with Moani whippet in.

At the mile post, with half the distance covered, it was already evident that many of them held hopeless chances. Welcome Trick was dashed up to the front, joining Bendigo, Lady Esme, and Mountain King. Apologue was going splendidly amongst the first half-dozen, next to Mooltan, and a forward movement by Posidon raised the hopes of the champion's backers, but weight told, and the effort was not sustained. Another of the heavyweights, Tartan, who had threaded his way from the rear, ran into a better position, and then came Knox, Spinaway, Mooltan, Melodrama, Tulkerey, and Apologue, with Posidon in the centre, and the last three being Tartan, Dyed Garments, and Proceeders. As they turned out of the straight the pace was maintained, and at the mile and a quarter post, six furlongs having been covered, Lady Esme shot to the front, with Mountain King and Bendigo close up, and then came Spinaway, Knox, Mooltan, Ellis, Apologue, Welcome Trick, Posidon, and Melodrama, with Moani whippet in.

At the mile post, with half the distance covered, it was already evident that many of them held hopeless chances. Welcome Trick was dashed up to the front, joining Bendigo, Lady Esme, and Mountain King. Apologue was going splendidly amongst the first half-dozen, next to Mooltan, and a forward movement by Posidon raised the hopes of the champion's backers, but weight told, and the effort was not sustained. Another of the heavyweights, Tartan, who had threaded his way from the rear, ran into a better position, and then came Knox, Spinaway, Mooltan, Melodrama, Tulkerey, and Apologue, with Posidon

Shipping.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

FOR

MARSEILLES & LONDON.

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR

COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &c., THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

STEAMERS	Leave	Connecting Steamers	Due at	Due at
to	HONGKONG	from Colombo to	MARSEILLES (Brindisi 3 days earlier)	PLYMOUTH (London 1 day later)
DEVANHA	Nov. 30	HIMALAYA	Dec. 23	Jan. 4, 1908
MALTA	Dec. 14	MOLDAVIA	Jan. 11, 1908	Jan. 18
DELTA	Dec. 23	INDIA	Jan. 25	Feb. 1
DELHI	Jan. 1, 1908	MONGOLIA	Feb. 8	Feb. 15
ARADIA	Jan. 8	VICTORIA	Feb. 22	Feb. 29
PENINSULAR	Jan. 15	MACEDONIA	Mar. 7	Mar. 14
DEVANHA	Jan. 22	BERGAMIA	Mar. 21	Mar. 28
DELTA	Mar. 7	MOULTAN	Apr. 4	Apr. 11
MARMORA	Mar. 14	(calling at Bombay)	Apr. 18	Apr. 25
DELHI	Apr. 4	MOLDAVIA	May 2	May 9
MALTA	Apr. 18	HIMALAYA	May 16	May 23
DEVANHA	May 2	MONGOLIA	May 30	June 6
OCEANA	May 16	INDIA	June 14	June 21

Passengers change steamers at Colombo, and those for BRINDISI transfer also to the Express Mail Steamer at PORT SAID.
Accommodation in the connecting steamer from Colombo is arranged in Hongkong at time of booking.

In addition to the above Mail Steamers the following:-

INTERMEDIATE (Non-Transit) STEAMERS

WILL LEAVE FOR

LONDON,

CARRYING SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

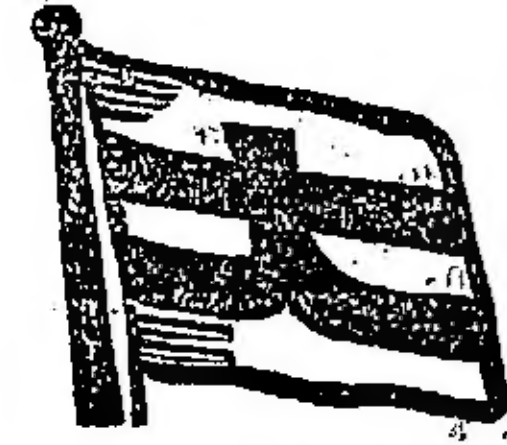
STEAMERS	Leave	Due at
HONGKONG	LONDON	
NORE	Dec. 6	Jan. 1908
SYRIA	Dec. 13	Feb. 3
BYZANTIA	Dec. 20	Feb. 10
NILE	Dec. 27	Feb. 17
SUNDA	Jan. 3	Feb. 24
PALAWAN	Jan. 10	Mar. 3
NUBIA	Jan. 17	Mar. 10
BOERNE	Jan. 24	Mar. 17
BOERNE	Jan. 31	Mar. 24
SUMATRA	Feb. 7	Mar. 31

These Steamers call also at Singapore, Penang, Colombo, and at Malta or Marseilles.
* Carry 1st and 2nd Saloon Passengers. † Carry only First Saloon Passengers.

For further particulars, Apply to

E. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.



OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE

BETWEEN HONGKONG, SOUTH CHINA

COAST PORTS AND FORMOSA

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG-

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

THE CO.'S S.S.	For	Leaving
SOSHU MARU,	SHANGHAI, Via SWATOW,	WEDNESDAY, 27th
Capt. T. SUGIWA,	AMOI AND FOCHOW,	Nov., at 8 a.m.
FUKUSHU MARU,	ANPING, Via SWATOW,	WEDNESDAY, 27th
Capt. T. ITO,	AND AMOI.	Nov., at Daylight.
JOSEPH MARU,	TAMSAI, Via SWATOW,	SUNDAY, 1st
Capt. H. S. SMITH,	AND AMOI.	Dec., at 9 a.m.

* These Steamers have excellent Accommodation for First and Second-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light. First-class Saloon Ample ships. Unrivaled Table.

† Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.
For Freight, Passage and further information, apply at the Co.'s local Branch Office, at Second Floor, No. 1, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.

T. ARIMA, Manager.

NORTHERN PACIFIC LINE.

BOSTON STEAMSHIP CO.

CONNECTING AT TACOMA WITH

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

VICTORIA B.C. AND TACOMA

VIA

MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamers	Tons	Captains	To Sail
TREMONT	9600	T. W. Garlick	10th December, 1907
SUVERIO	8233	W. Shotton	4th January, 1908
KUMERO	8233	Cowley	28th January, 1908
SHAWMUT	9600	E. V. Roberts	21st February, 1908

† Cargo only. * Passenger accommodation.

CHEAP FARES EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION ATTENDANCE AND

CULINARY ELECTRIC LIGHT, DOCTOR AND STEWARDESSES.

* The Twin-screw s.s. Tremont and Suverio are fitted with very superior Accommodation for First and Second-Class Passengers. The large size of these vessels ensures steadiness at sea. Electric fan in each room. Barber's shop and steam laundry. Cargo carried in cold storage.

PARCEL EXPRESS TO THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

For further information, apply to

Dodwell & Co., Limited.

QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.

GENERAL AGENTS.

Notices to Consignees.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

'GLEN' LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM MIDDLEBRO, HULL, LON-

DON AND STRAITS.

THE Steamship Glen having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Goods not cleared by the 28th Inst., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

All Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 28th Inst., at 11 A.M.

No claims will be recognized if not presented within 14 days of the ship's arrival.

MCGREGOR BROS. & CO.,

Hongkong November 20, 1907. 184

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship Catherine Apcar having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from along side.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the vessel will be landed at once, at Consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining on board after 4 P.M., of the 27th inst., will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.

Consignees of Cargo from SINGAPORE and PENANG are requested to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside, such Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.,

Agents.

Hongkong, November 25, 1907. 1866

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

BREMEN.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship PRINZ REGENT LUTPOLD

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of their Cargoes and Value, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before Saturday, the 23rd of November, at 6 P.M.

No Claims will be admitted after the 30th of November, will be subject to rent.

All Broken, Chipped, and Damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 30th of November, at 9.30 A.M.

All Claims must reach us before the 4th of December, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

MELBURN & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, November 25, 1907. 1870

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

STEAMER NYANZA.

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, MALTA,

PORT SAID, SUEZ AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above

named Vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 6 hours.

Goods not cleared by the 27th inst., at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representative at an appointed hour. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

E. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, November 20, 1907. 1850

THE

HONGKONG

DOCKS.

A Record of the Founding and Development of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Limited.

Reprinted from the 'CHINA MAIL'.

Price Fifty Cents.

To be had at the 'China Mail' Office

8, Queen's Road Central.

EAST PRAIA RECLAMATION

SCHEME.

AS PROPOSED TO THE HONGKONG

GOVERNMENT AND THE MARINE

LOT-HOLDERS. BY SIR PAUL

CHATER.

The Full Details Printed in Pamphlet Form.

Copies may be had at 'CHINA MAIL' Office

8, Queen's Road Central.

Price 50 Cents each.

WOMEN MURDERED BY

FANATIC MONK.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 18.—A telegram to the "Petersburger Zeitung" relates a terrible story of crimes which have just been discovered at Verchoturi, in the Government of Perm.

For some years past a monk named Fedot has exercised a powerful attraction over the inhabitants of the neighbourhood, especially women, by reason of his eloquent sermons. Women of all ages flocked to the hermitage which a rich merchant had built for Fedot in the midst of the forest near the town.

Fedot, who was noted as an "original," insisted that his devotees, before confessing, should bathe in the bath-room attached to the hermitage, and should also lie down in a coffin, so that they might become accustomed to the idea of death.

Recently several young women of the district disappeared, but, despite the alarm caused, no suspicion attached to Fedot. A few days ago the wife of a young soldier who had gone to see the monk failed to return home, and the soldier proceeded to the hermitage, intending to force Fedot to disclose the woman's whereabouts.

The monk was missing, and the soldier, who passed into the bedroom, saw a coffin lying on the floor. Lifting the lid he was horror-stricken to find within it the dead body of his wife. He immediately informed the police, who searched the place.

In a cellar they found a number of other coffins lying side by side, and in each of them was the dead body of a woman. Up to the present all search for the missing monk has proven futile.

A railway man in Clay Centre, speaking of these long, complicated coupon tickets sold to California tourists, said: "An old lady pulled one of them on a conductor recently transferred from a plug run. 'Am I going in the right direction?' she inquired. The conductor took hold of her ticket, unrolled it, turned it over, upside down, examined the punch marks, read a part of the instructions, and remarked: 'Well, madam, if you don't know any more about it than I do, you're lost.'"

Dentistry.

DR. HARRY FONG,

AMERICAN TRAINED DENTIST.

ELECTRICAL and Latest Improved

Appliances.

51, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

-15-3-

S I E N T I N G

Surgeon Dentist,

No. 14, D'AGUIAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE

Consultation Free.

A D I S I N F E C T I O N

EYE'S

FLUID

ELECTRO

SOLE AGENTS.

W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO.

BANK BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, May 18, 1906 1024

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,

LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DATA.

7.00 a.m. to 7.30 a.m. Every 30 minutes

7.30 a.m. to 8.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes

8.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes

1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes

2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes

6.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SUNDAYS.

8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 30 minutes

9.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes

10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes

11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes

2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes

4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes

6.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SPECIAL CARS by Arrangement of the

Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING,

Des Voeux Road Central.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,

General Managers.

1891

HONGKONG AVERAGE MARKET

PRICES.

Corrected to Thursday, November 21st, 1907.

At 100 cents per Dollar Mexican.

Butcher Meat.

Beef steaks and prime cut—Mei Lung Pa... lb 20

" Corned—Ham Ngau Yuk 20

" Roast—Shiu 20

" Breast—Nagu Lam 15

" Soup—Tung Yuk 16

" Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa 20

" Sausages—Ngau Lau Sinclo 20

Bullock's Brain—, Slow ... per set 10

" Tongue fresh—Ngau Li ... each 50

" " Corried—Ham Ngau Li 55

" Head—Ngau Tan 80

" Heart—Ngau Sam 12

" Hump, Salt—Ngau Kiu 20

" Feet—Ngau Kerk 7

" Kidneys—Ngau Yiu 10

" Tail—Ngau Mel 17

" Liver—Ngau Con 13

" Tripe (addressed)—Ngau To 7

Calves' Head & Feet—Ngau chai-tai-kak, set 21.00

Mutton Chop—Young Pal Kwat 24

" Leg—Young Pui 24

" Shoulder—Young Shan 22

Pigs' Chittings—Chi chong 22

" Brains—Chi Know ... per set 2

" Feet—Chi Kerk 13

" Fry—Chi Chak 10

" Head—Chi Tan 22

" Heart—Chi Sam 10

" Kidneys—Chi Yiu 8

" Liver—Chi Con 13

Pork Chop—Chi Pal Kwat 24

" Corned—Ham Chai Yuk 24

" Leg—Chi Pel 24

" Fat or Lard—Chi Yau 20

Sheep's Head and Feet—Young Tau Kerk set 55

" Heart—Young Sam 6

" Kidneys—Young Yiu 10

" Liver—Young Con 10

Sucking Pigs, To Order—Chi Chai 22

Suet, Beef—Sang Ngau Yau 16

" Mutton—Sang Young Yau 24

Veal—Ngau Chai Yuk 20

" Sausages—Ngau Chai Chong 20

